# BIOCOUTURE

### Grow your own material recipe

### Ingredients



200 ml organic cider vinegar



200 gm granulated sugar



One piece live kombucha\* culture



Two green tea bags

This recipe is to brew two litres of liquid. It is sufficient to fill a container of 20 x 17 cm to a depth of approx 6 cm. This will grow you a sheet of microbial-cellulose the size of the container. Scale recipe (and container) proportions to grow a larger sheet.

Step 1: Brewing the liquid









- 1. Boil two liters of water to 100 °C.
- 2. Pour into container, add green tea and allow to steep for 15 minutes.
- 3. Remove the tea bags and add the sugar.
- 4. Stir until dissolved.

Step 2: Addition of the live kombucha culture



Make sure the liquid is below 30 °C.



Pour the liquid into the container.



Take one piece of the material.



Add the material to the liquid.

- 1. Allow the liquid cool to below 30 °C.
- 2. Pour it into the growth container.
- 3. Add the organic cider vinegar.
- 4. Add one piece of live kombucha culture.

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#### Step 3: Growth and harvest



Growth occurs at the surface.



After 2 to 4 weeks the material should become 2 cm thick



Harvest the material by lifting out.



Wash with cold soapy water

- 1. Cover the container with a breathable cloth.
- 2. During growth the liquid needs to be maintained at approx 25 °C.
- 3. At first the culture will sink to the bottom, fermentation should start to occur within 48 to 72 hours.
- 4. Bubbles and a transparent skin will start to appear at the surface of the liquid.
- 5. Over time the culture will rise to the surface and a new thickening layer will form on the top.
- 6. To ensure an even surface, dispel any bubbles that appear by gently coaxing to the edges.
- 7. Once the material reaches approximately 2 cm in thickness remove from the container.
- 8. Wash with cold soapy water, rinsing thoroughly.

Step 4: Drying



Dry on a wooden sheet allowing water to evaporate.



Treat like a vegetable leather.

- 1. Once the material is washed allow the water to evaporate by smoothing it on to a wooden sheet. Drying time will depend on surrounding temperature and ventilation.
- 2. When dry it can be cut or sewn conventionally.

### NB observe these guidelines

- 1. Always handle the culture with clean hands.
- 2. The implements and containers must be completely clean and free from soap residues.
- 3. Growth container should preferably be either glass or plastic.
- 4. Ensure the breathable cover is secured so that fruit flies may not enter.
- \* Kombucha is a symbiotic colony of bacteria and yeasts (SCOBY). The main bacteria, *Gluconacetobacter xylinum*, produces nanofibrils of cellulose which self-organise in to a nano-structured, textile-like material.

To obtain kombucha cultures try:

Global kombucha network: kombu.de/suche2.htm

**UK supplier:** happykombucha.co.uk

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Watch: ted.com/talks/suzanne\_lee\_grow\_your\_own\_clothes.html

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