# FROM WASTE TO PRODUCT







#### **BOOKLET : Structure Overview**

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#### BOOKLET : Abstract

<b>Abstract</b> Introduction	<b>2</b> 3	Summary
Topics	4	Stool 5.1 is the first result of waste in the creation of fur
BoM Tools Experimentations and Research process	5 6 7-11	This thesis investigates way can replace the use of plast objects.
Results / Portfolio Schematics	12 13	This project focuses on mat not only an educational imp
Conclusion	Conclusion 14 our local co	our local community to reth
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Biography

of the experiment of rethinking textile urniture from bio-based material.

ays to produce bio-based composites that stic in the creation of different kind of

aterial research. It is intended to generate npact, but also to build awareness between think their practices about waste.

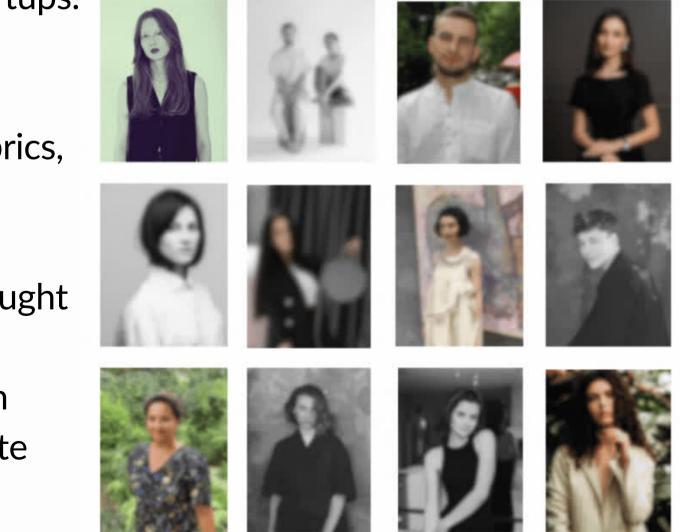
#### **BOOKLET** : Introduction

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breeding ground for new ideas, projects and innovation. However, we still need to work more on our impact as an organization that promotes sustainable values in the design community. In our Hub there is the co-working space that serves as the first stage for textile and fashion startups. The co-working space is a living organism which has inevitably left overs of fabrics, paper and so one. In order to reduce it and rethink its discharge, I thought why not to use it as a raw material, combining it with bio-resins in order to create

different objects.

Our Hub is a the place that the community of designers perceives as a



### **BOOKLET** : Topics

Abstract Introduction	2 3	Topics
Topics	4	<b>Bio Fabrication</b>
BoM Tools Experimentations and Research process 7	5 6 7-11	Circular economy and Modular connections
Results / Portfolio Schematics Conclusion	12 13 14	Textile Scaffolding
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#### BOOKLET : BoM

Nr	Description	Price	Link	Notes
1	Gelatine	301.00\$	https://profarm.md/gelatin-ewald-270- bloom	ordered 25 kg
2	Glycerine	58.00\$	https://ecostup.md/product/glicerina-pharm- 99-5/	ordered 5 kg
3	Wax	5.00 \$	https://www.albilux.md/rom/vosk.html	2 kg for testing
4	Pine resin	10.00\$	https://ecochimie.md/	1 kg for testing
5	Wood	16.00\$	https://supraten.md/placaj-neslefuit- 415251525mm-c-24-belorusia-343135-ro	ordered
6	Wooden dowel	5.00 \$	https://sebas.md/shop/diblu-din-lemn-2/	ordered
7	Wooden dowel	5.00 \$	https://www.dedeman.ro/ro/diblu-fag-1000- x-8-x-8-mm/p/6033980	ordered
8	Wooden dowel	30.00 \$	https://supraten.md/lea-lemn-5050mm-l3- 0m-342872-ro	6 pieces
9	Waterproof fabric	38.90\$	https://linatextil.com/ro/textile-de-uz- casnic/duck-estur-hidrofug/estur- impermeabil-duck-culoare-gri-bej-dk276- clone-ro/	6 m

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#### **BOOKLET** : Tools

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**Tools available** 

#### Shredder

### Heat press

Heat press can be used in order to get plastic sheets of the needed thickness. It used to straighten bioplastic plates that slightly bent during the drying process. **Electric industrial knife** 

- I used to cut the textile remnants in stripes. Laser cutting machine

### **Bio Lab** At ZIPHOUSE.

The Shredder chops the plastic into small flakes that can be used by the other machines to melt. In my case I used it to shred textiles in order to get an omogenous look of the biomaterial.

Used for cutting the modular details for assembling the stool.

- **Experimentations and Research process** Abstract 2 3 Introduction **Bioresin Recipe** Topics 4 • Gelatine powder - 184 gr Functions as the polymeer (so it becomes a solid) BoM 5 • Glycerine - 32 gr Tools 6 **Experimentations and Research process** 7-11 flexible). • Water - 980 ml/gr Results / Portfolio 12 To dissolve and mix the polymeer and plasticizer 13 **Schematics** • A large round coffee filter to absorb froth
  - Conclusion 14
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- 1. Preparation
  - Weigh your ingredients

  - Mixing and dissolving the ingredients

Functions as plasticizer that bonds with the gelatine (makes it

• Prepare the mold and find a place where you can leave it for a while, ideally near an open window where there's air flow.

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#### **Experimentations and Research process** 7-11

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#### **Experimentations and Research process**

- Bring the water to the boil
- Add the glycerine
- Add the gelatine
- Cooking the ingredients
- boil it.

• Optional: add natural dye if you wish to use color

• Keep the temperature below 80 degrees celcius while stirring very very slowly and gently to avoid making bubbles.

• Simmer and slowly stir the mixture between 60-80 degrees celcius for at least 20 minutes or up to an hour. Turn it lower when bubbles appear: you don't want the liquid to move. Don't

Longer cooking time allows more water to evaporate and will dramatically reduce shrinkage of the casted object. You will get a thicker liquid. To cast larger volumes and solids with this recipe, evaporate a lot of water, until it's very very thick. Sometimes it's worth reheating and melting scraps, they've already dissipated

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### **Experimentations and Research process**

a lot of water and result in nice castings.

- using some kitchen paper.
- Casting
- still liquid and pourable.
- Cast into the mould slowly to avoid bubbles
- itself.

Put the mould away to dry in a cool place with lots of air flow (like near an open window). A warmer place might speed up the drying process but also allow bacteria to grow faster and

• If froth appears on top of your liquid and doesn't go away, you can use a coffee filter to absorb it by covering the surface with it and then taking it off. In cooking this is called a cartouche, you can also make one from kitchen paper. Take a round coffee filter that fits into your pot. Absorb additional froth

• Let the liquid cool for a couple minutes until it gels a little but is

• Pour from the middle and hold still, let the liquid distribute

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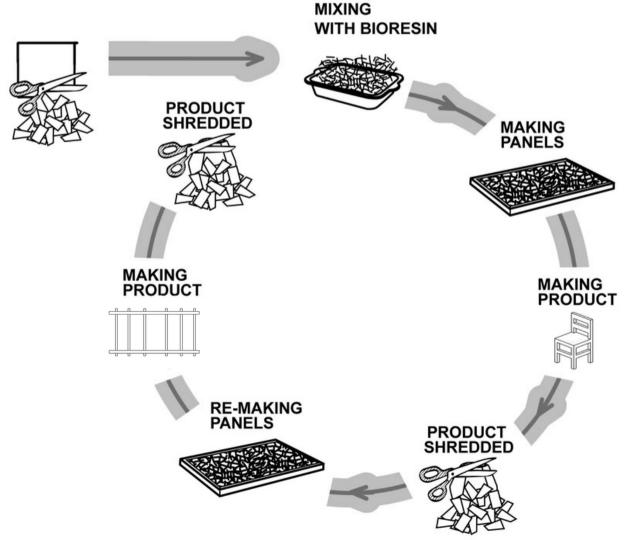
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#### **Experimentations and Research process**

can result in fungal growth.

and dry flat.



• When using a flexible mould: let it dry without releasing to keep the form as much as possible. The resin will likely shrink and release itself from the mold. If it feels cold to the touch it is still drying. If you are using a rigid mold: release after 4-8 hours TEXTILE WASTE

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#### **BOOKLET**: Results/ Portfolio

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#### **Results/ Portofolio**



- - 5
  - Tools

#### https://class.textile-academy.org/2023/elena-bannaia/project/

#### <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DFR2UwJwD\_c</u>

#### **BOOKLET**: Schematics

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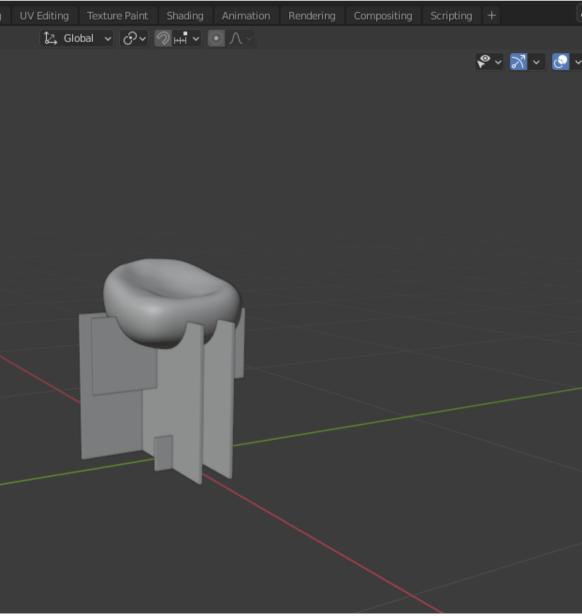
#### 2 **Schematics** 3

looking forward to experiment on.

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#### The modular pattern consist from 5 hard pieces and one pillow.

# In addition to the stool, there are a series of modular shelfs that I am



#### **BOOKLET**: Conclusion

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#### 2 Conclusion 3

our Hub to interact with these objects.



The rest of the objects will be displayed at our Hub, at the entrance holl to set a showcase area with the results of Fabricademy journey. It will intrigue and engage people who visit

#### BOOKLET : Bibliography

Abstract	2	Bibliography
Introduction Topics	3 4	https://www.nationalgeog
BoM	5	plastic https://vimeo.com/76384
Tools Experimentations and Research process 7	6 -11	https://issuu.com/miriamr erial_a/7
Results / Portfolio Schematics	12 13	https://issuu.com/juliettep
Conclusion	14	https://materiom.org/user
<b>Bibliography</b> Biography	<b>15</b> 16	https://class.textile- academy.org/2020/loes.bo
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#### BOOKLET : Biography

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#### **Bannaia Elena**

I am a project manager at

**ZIPHOUSE FASHION INNOVATION HUB and a clothing** designer based in Chisinau, Republic of Moldova.

Back in time, I graduated at the State Pedagogical University

- "Ion Creanga" of Chișinău,



Faculty Fine Arts and Design: Bachelor and Master degree.

The work with different types of textiles and search for improving their properties was always part of my working research.

#### BOOKLET :



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